suitable control measures and management of the problem. Besides, the CPCRI and Kerala Agricultural University (KAU) are also engaged in research for devising control measures for this pest.

Subsidy on inputs

313. SHRI DRUPAD BORGOHAIN: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the inputs on which subsidy has been allowed by his Ministry;

(b) what is the percentage of subsidy;

(c) whether his Ministry have any proposal to reduce or cut subsidy partially or totally on any such inputs; and

(d) if so, the names of such items?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI S.B.P.B.K. SATYANARAYANA RAO): (a) and (b) Information about major subsidies on seeds, fertilizers, micro-irrigation and agricultural implements is given in the statement. (*See* below)

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

Statement

1. *Seeds*: The subsidy ranges between Rs. 200 per quintal for the certified seeds on wheat, rice and barley; Rs. 300 per quintal for oilseeds and pulses and Rs. 400 per quintal for coarse cereals. For hybrid variety of Jowar and bajra subsidy is Rs. 500 per quintal and for rice Rs. 200 per quintal.

2. *Fertilizers:* In case of fertilizers, all major fertilizers namely urea, Di-Ammonium Phosphate (DAP), Muriate of Potash (MOP), Single Super Phosphate (SSP) and NPK Complexes are sold to farmers at subsidised rates. The Government bears the subsidy required to enable sale of these fertilizers at the maximum retail prices indicated by the Government.

3. *Micro-Irrigation:* For sprinkler and dip irrigation, subsidy at the rate of 90% of the cost to SC, ST, small, marginal and Women farmers and 70% to other categories of farmers subject to maximum of Rs. 25000 per hectare is given.

4. *Agricultural Implements:* A subsidy of 30% limited to Rs. 30000 is given to the farmers individually or in Groups for the purchase of the tractors of up to only 30 Horse Power. For bullock driven and tractor driven farm implements subsidy of 50% of the cost limited to Rs. 1500 per implement per farmer is being provided. For power driven multi-purpose threshers with safety devices assistance @ 25% of the cost limited

to Rs. 500 per implement per farmer is given. For distribution of power tillers, subsidy of Rs. 30000 per unit or 50% of the cost, whichever is less is being given under the Integrated Cereal Development Programme in Rice based Cropping System areas.

Development of fisheries and horticulture

314. SHRI RAHASBIHARI BARIK: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have laid emphasis on the development of fisheries and horticulture in the country;

(b) if so, the amount allocated to different States during the last three years for the above purposes; and

(c) the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI NITISH KUMAR): (a) and (b) Government of India is implementing several Central Sector and Centrally Sponsored Schemes with the objective of developing fisheries and horticulture in the country. Details of the funds released to various States/Union Territories during the last three years are given in statement (*see* below)

(c) The following schemes are implemented for the development of fisheries and horticulture:

(i) Development of Coastal Marine Fisheries
(ii) Development of Freshwater Aquaculture
(iii) Integrated Coastal Aquaculture
(iv) Providing Fishing Harbours at Major and Minor Ports and Fish Landing Centres
(v) Training and Extension
(vi) Development of Infrastructure for Inland Fish Marketing
(vii) Development of Inland Fisheries Statistics
(viii) Integrated Development of Tropical Temperate and Arid Fruit
(ix) Integrated Development of Cashew and Cocoa
(x) Use of Plastics in Agriculture
(xi) Development of Medicinal & Aromatic Plants
(xii) Promotion of Beekeeping
(xiii) Development of Commercial Floriculture
(xiv) Development of Mushroom
(xv) Integrated Programme for Development of Spices
(xvi) Integrated Development of Horticulture in Hills and Backward Areas
(xvii) Human Resource Development for Horticulture